

Breed Standard Committee Report

Elaine N. Krieg DVM, Chair	2	1/2022
Diane Keith	1	6/2020
Katie Ridley	1	4/2021
Tammi Josephson	2	12/2019
Karen Hepner	6	12/2019
Becca Zimmerman	7	12/2019
Donna Staley	8	5/2019

This Report has been reviewed and approved by all members of the Breed Standard Committee.

The Breed Standard Committee reviewed one set of photos from the Central office in reference to qualifications for registration.

The Breed Standard Committee has been communicating with the JTC Chair and will be working together to clarify a few topics that bring up continued questions from judges and breeders.

Diane Keith and I have been working together to collect high quality pictures of pygmy goats. These pictures can be used by the BSC, JTC, and The Clinician to help educate judges and breeders, as well as update current publications and to create future publications

In the future, the Breed Standard Committee plans to:

- Update the color chart
- Create a list of terms to describe optional and undesirable markings.
- Expand and clarify terminology in the Breed standard
- Create a slide presentation to explain Pygmy Goat color genetics in a step by step fashion with pictures

Report submitted by

Elaine N. Krieg, Chair

AGENDA ITEM SUBMISSION FORM

Proposal

I move to change the term “Random Marking or Markings” to “Undesirable Marking or Markings” with the following definition and to add this new terminology to the NPGA Breed Standard at the end of section 2 Breed Characteristics.

“Undesirable marking – Any marking not consistent with the required or optional markings of the Breed Standard. These markings may be at random locations or may be characteristic of another breed.”

This new terminology would need to be updated in all NPGA documentation that uses the term Random Marking or Markings (registration application, wether certification application, any JTC documentation, etc)

Reasons

By changing this terminology and adding a definition it better clarifies that any marking other than required and optional markings are undesirable.

Advantages

Strengthens the breed standard by clarifying undesirable markings.

Disadvantages

None

Financial Implications

None

Submitted by

Elaine N. Krieg

NPGA BREED STANDARD

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

The Pygmy Goat is genetically small, cobby, and compact. Its frame is clearly defined and well angulated; limbs and head are short relative to body length. The Pygmy Goat is full-barreled and well muscled; the body circumference in relation to height and weight is proportionately greater than that of dairy breeds. The Pygmy Goat is hardy, agile, alert and animated, good-natured, and gregarious. The legs and feet should work together so that the gait (tracking) is smooth, balanced, ground covering and effortless. (05-02, 06-16)

2. BREED CHARACTERISTICS:

COAT - The full coat of straight, medium long hair varies in density with seasons and climates. On does, beards may be non-existent or sparse. On adult bucks, abundant hair growth is desirable; the beard to be full, long and flowing, the copious mane draping, cape-like, across the shoulders.

COLOR AND BREED-SPECIFIC MARKINGS:

SOLID BLACK: Body Colors: All body hairs black in color. No other solid colors are acceptable. Required Markings: none. Optional Markings: white patches or bellybands anywhere on barrel between point of elbow and stifle joint

BLACK: Body Colors: All body hairs black in color. No other solid colors are acceptable. Required Markings: muzzle, crown, eyes and ears distinctly accented in white. Optional Markings: (a) white patches or bellybands anywhere on barrel between point of elbow and stifle joint; (b) tail accented in white.

AGOUTI: Body Colors: Black Agouti and Grey Agouti - Black and white hairs intermingled, producing an appearance ranging from highly grizzled to nearly solid. Brown Agouti - Brown and white hairs intermingled, producing an appearance ranging from highly grizzled to nearly solid. Required Markings: (a) muzzle, crown, eyes and ears distinctly accented in white and may be intermingled with hairs the same color as the body; (b) hoofs, face, and forehead distinctly darker than, but of the same color as, the main body color; (c) All agoutis have solid stockings (black on the Black Agouti and Grey Agouti, brown on the Brown Agouti). Stockings are defined as, from the knee down on the front legs and from the top of the hocks down on the rear legs. Optional Markings: (a) white patches or bellybands anywhere on the barrel between the point of elbow and stifle joint; (b) dorsal stripe darker than, but of the same color as, the main body color; (c) varying degrees of grizzling on areas of the body (such as the chest, shoulders, mane, and tail). (10-06)

CARAMEL: Body Color: **Caramel with black markings:** Any shade of white through dark tan. Required Markings: (a) muzzle, crown, eyes and ears distinctly accented in white and may be intermingled with hairs the same color as body; (b) Vertical stripes on center front of socks same color as body; (c) sides and rear of socks, dorsal stripe and martingale accented in black; (d) Face: Accented in black. Amount ranges from partial to complete according to age and gender. Optional Markings: white patches or bellybands anywhere on barrel between point of elbow and stifle joint.

Caramel with brown markings: Any shade of white through dark tan. Required Markings: (a) muzzle, crown, eyes and ears distinctly accented in white and may be intermingled with hairs the same color as body; (b) Vertical stripes on center front of socks same color as body; (c) sides and rear of socks, dorsal stripe and martingale accented in brown; (d) Face: Accented in brown. Amount ranges from partial to complete according to age and gender. Optional Markings: white patches or bellybands anywhere on barrel between point of elbow and stifle joint. (91-09, 04-12, 05-02, 06-16, 07-06, 09-03, 13-26)

“Undesirable marking – Any marking not consistent with the required or optional markings of the Breed Standard.

These markings may be at random locations or may be characteristic of another breed.”

3. BODY STRUCTURE:

HEAD - Short to medium long; profile somewhat dished. Muzzle rounded, not snipey; nose short, wide, flat. Chin and underjaw full; bite even, neither overshot nor undershot; jaws broad, strong, well muscled. Forehead broad, flat or concave. Eyes set well apart, bright, brown in color, prominent but not protruding. Ears medium sized, firm, erect, alertly mobile. Genetically horned; disbudding and dehorning permissible. (99-11)

NECK - Well muscled; short, round, more full-throated than dairy breeds; more refined in does than in bucks.

WITHERS - Nearly level with, but not lower than the spine.

SHOULDERS - Muscular, well angulated and laid-on, tightly attached; point of shoulder placed posterior to the sternum. **RIBS** - Wide apart, well sprung; rib bone long, wide, flat.

BACK - Strong, laterally straight, level along chine and loin. **CHINE** - Broad, level from withers to loin.

Loin - Broad, strong, nearly level, rising slightly toward the iliac crest. **RUMP** - Medium long, medium wide, neither level nor steep.

Hips - Wide, nearly level with back.

Thurls - High, wide apart.

Pin bones - Wide apart, lower than hips, pronounced.

Tail - Set high, wide at the base, symmetrical, carried high. **FLANKS** - Deep, set low on barrel.

THIGHS - Long and wide, well muscled, incurving towards udder. **LEGS** - Short, heavy bone, well muscled, wide apart.

Fore legs - Straight and squarely set, with elbows close to ribs; cannon bone short.

Hind legs - When viewed from the rear: hind legs straight, widely set to accommodate large barrel; stifle held tightly to

the body. When viewed from the side: femur and tibia proportionately longer than in dairy breeds and angulated toward a more pronounced stifle joint, thus compensating for the short, flat, and flinty rear cannon bon

HOCKS - Cleanly molded, sharply angled; metatarsus short. **PASTERNS** - Short, strong and resilient.

FEET - Well-shaped, proportioned to size of animal; deep heel and level sole; hoofs symmetrical. (05-02)

4. BODY CAPACITY:

Large in proportion to size of animal, providing ample digestive and reproductive capacity as well as strength, vigor, and stamina.

BARREL - Broad, deep, increasing in width and depth toward flank, thus giving an impression of perpetual pregnancy; symmetrical, well supported by firm abdominal wall and well-sprung ribs. The disproportionately large circumference of the paunch is greater in does than in bucks.

HEART GIRTH - Large due to long, well-sprung fore-ribs.

CHEST - Well muscled brisket, wide floor, full at point of elbow. (05-02)

5. MAMMARY SYSTEM (DOES):

UDDER - Firm, rounded, small to medium sized, halves evenly balanced, symmetrical.

REAR ATTACHMENT - High, full, tightly attached and blending smoothly into escutcheon.

FRONT ATTACHMENT - Well forward, tightly attached without pocket, and blending smoothly into body.

TEXTURE - Silky smooth, elastic, pliable but firm; free of lumps or scar tissue.

TEATS - Two, cylindrical, of uniform length and size, sufficient for milking with two fingers and thumb; symmetrically placed; free of obstructions, deformities, or multiple orifices. (05-02)

6. REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM (BUCKS):

TESTICLES - Two, fully descended, of fairly equal size, healthy and firm.

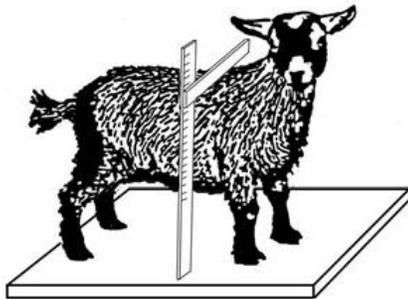
TEATS - Two, cylindrical, of uniform length and size, symmetrically placed, free of deformities or multiple orifices, nonfunctional. (05-02)

7. MEASUREMENTS (inches):

	DOES		BUCKS	
	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
Under 6 months				
Cannon length	None	4	None	4 $\frac{1}{4}$
Height at withers	None	18 $\frac{1}{2}$	None	18 $\frac{5}{8}$
6 months but under 12 months.				
Cannon length	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	3	4 $\frac{1}{2}$
Height at withers	13 $\frac{3}{4}$	20 $\frac{3}{8}$	14 $\frac{1}{2}$	20 $\frac{3}{4}$
12 months & older				
Cannon length	2 $\frac{7}{8}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	4 $\frac{5}{8}$
Height at withers	16	22 $\frac{3}{8}$	16	23 $\frac{5}{8}$
Allowable margin of error: $\frac{1}{8}$ th inch				

Height at withers is measured on a firm flat surface with a right angle device set perpendicular to floor and level across withers. Goat to be standing in a normal pose. Head held in typical position, neither pulled up, down or out, any of which may significantly alter height measurement. Front legs set evenly under the goat's shoulders, not forward or backward of the shoulder line. Rear legs positioned properly, neither drawn too far back nor forward. The cannon bone is measured with calipers set at the outer edge of the knee and pastern joints, with both joints sharply bent. (95-07, 05-02)

WITHERS MEASUREMENT



FRONT CANNON MEASUREMENT



8. COMPLIANCE:

NPGA's Breed Standard Committee shall act as the authority responsible for proposing any interpretations, changes or clarifications in the Breed Standard, the Guidelines for Judging Pygmy Goats, and the required body measurements. Recommendations for change shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for any necessary revisions and approval. Approval shall require a two-thirds majority vote.

REGISTRATION - Goats showing traits which are listed as disqualifying in NPGAs Guidelines for Judging Pygmy Goats shall be ineligible for registration: however, registration shall not be an indication that a goat does not possess disqualifying faults. Registration applications submitted to NPGA for animals which are believed by NPGA to have disqualifying traits or non-conforming to color/pattern will, at the request of the Business Manager, be referred to the Certification and/or Breed Standard Committee to determine whether or not they will be accepted for registration. In this event, the Business Manager will notify the owner that the application is being forwarded to the Certification/Breed Standard Committee for a decision. If additional photos are required to evaluate the color/pattern or fault, they will be requested from the owner at that time. Any application denied by the committee(s) may be appealed to the Board of Directors by following the procedure specified in Rules and Regulations, Paragraph 16. (12-19, 13-29, 15-13)

SHOWING - Variations from the Breed Standard will be faulted as moderate to disqualifying in accordance with NPGA Guidelines for Judging Pygmy Goats. The NPGA Breed Standard describes the ideal Pygmy Goat. The user of this Standard should not attempt to fault an animal based on the Standard itself, but should refer to the Guidelines for Judging Pygmy Goats. The Guidelines for Judging describe how variations from the Standard will be faulted, based on the severity of the variance, up to and including disqualification. (05-02, 06-16)